

The Anaconda Standard.

VOL. II.—NO. 296.

ANACONDA, MONTANA. TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1901.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CASH CLOTHING CONCERN

45 East Park St., Butte.

Cut on Suits.

This week we are going to play thunder in the prices of the clothing trade in this city. We have taken all of our lines we formerly sold at \$15 and \$18 and have marked them down to the ridiculously low price of

\$10.90

This is a bargain and certainly should not be overlooked. These are all new, bright goods of the very latest cut and patterns. They also comprise heavy, light and medium weights and dark and light colors. We have a full line in our East window and on the rack in front of our store and we will guarantee you that if you take a look at them the result will be satisfactory.

CUT ON FURNISHINGS.

We do nothing by halves and when we start a cut it includes every line that we have in the store. For example, take a look at our Underwear. Here we shine and show lines that knock the spots out of every other house in town. To use a slang expression "we are strictly in it."

See here what we offer. For 50 cents we offer you a suit of Underwear sold by every other house at \$1. To be sure it is not all wool but it is good value and cheap. For 75 cents we have Jersey fitting gray mixed goods that are worth double the money. For \$1 we offer fine fancy Balbriggans that sold last year for \$2.50; and for \$1.50 we can give you a line of mixed goods in plain colors that are the best value in town.

Remember we guarantee prices in every instance, and if you are out of town will send the goods to you C. O. D. with the privilege of examination.

STRICTLY CASH.

CASH CLOTHING CONCERN

45 East Park St., Butte.

AFTER QUAY'S SCALP

Prominent Pennsylvania Republicans Issue an Address.

THEY WANT A NEW LEADER

The Man With a Record Portrayed as the Jonah of the G. O. P.—He Must be Bounced.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—An address, "To the Citizens of Pennsylvania," signed by Rudolph Blankenburg, John T. Bailey & Co., George Wharton Pepper, George Bernham, Charles Heber Clark, Rev. Stephen W. Dane, Rev. W. N. McVickar, John H. Converse, Rev. Charles Wood, Rev. S. D. McConnell and 136 others, was made public this evening. The signers speak "as Pennsylvanians and republicans," and their action is to protest against Senator Quay being longer a controlling factor in the affairs of the state. The statement is made that the political methods in the state are now corrupt, in sharp contrast to the disposition of the rank and file of the party. The leadership is affirmed to be completely within Senator Quay, "absolute in its control, unscrupulous in its methods and disastrous in its results." The public record of Senator Quay is dwelt upon and the paper says: "Mr. S. Quay is the only one responsible for the overwhelming disaster which befall the republican party in this state last autumn. It might have been supposed that a leader who inflicted such a wound upon his party, and to whom it had given so overwhelming evidence of lack of confidence in him, would have retired from public prominence. Mr. Quay, however, contented himself with an elaborated defense of his record before the United States senate. This was both untimely and unbecoming."

Quay's lieutenant in the legislature are charged with committing a stupid political blunder by hostility to the ballot reform bill and with having violated the express pledges of the party and openly defied the will of an overwhelming majority of its constituents. The address continues: "There is a fundamental fallacy in the theory of politics which has for years obtained favor in this state, and of which Mr. Quay has been the leading exponent. It is that public offices are spoils—lawful property of politicians who capture them and by whom they are dispensed in turn to their underlings as a prize of war. The disaster of the looted treasury is explained by the fact that a step from this fallacy to startling and bold appropriation of public funds to private uses of the public officers is a long one in appearance only, not in reality. The party will soon be called upon to nominate a state and city treasurer and attorney general. Nominations must be given to honest men or the party will meet another defeat. In the presence of these facts Pennsylvania republicans must not hesitate. It is a crisis and can only be met by the retirement of Mr. Quay. A more competent and worthy leadership is necessary, and an unflinching demand must be made for the retirement of these men from the places which they have disgraced."

A FIEND'S TRAGIC END.
Shot Down by White Caps—The Killing Approved.

SPARLAND, Ill., June 29.—About 12 years ago John Carver died, leaving his widow and children about \$15,000. The widow subsequently married a more boy named Royal Frisby. The youthful husband soon entered on a career of debauchery and began treating his wife in the most brutal manner. The community for a long time has been incensed at his actions, but not until recently was the full extent of his brutality known. Saturday a white cap circular was sent to him and copies to many families. Attached to it was a prayer for his wife saying: "Help us, for humanity's sake." The circular detailed how, several years ago, he debauched his stepdaughter and when a child was born strangled and buried it in the yard. Then Mrs. Frisby secured a divorce and soon after Frisby, who had forced the girl to continue to submit to his assaults, compelled her to marry him. Recently she gave birth to another child. Frisby got drunk and chased the family into the woods. Last night, as he stepped out of the door of his house, he was shot down and instantly killed. G. H. Culver, his uncle, and John Carver, a brother of the girl debauched, have been arrested for the killing. The killing meets the approval of the community and a hundred men have offered to go on the bonds of the prisoners.

A MURDERER CAPTURED.

A Running Fight With the Police in Which Guns Were Used.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Louis Dillinger, alias Paul May, who escaped from jail at New England, Mo., in 1890, the day before he was to have been hung for the murder of his wife and two men, was captured here last night, after a running fight with two policemen. In his flight he fell in with a man who was driving with his wife in a buggy. He took hold of one of the thighs and sheltering himself behind the horse, compelled the driver to whip the animal into a gallop. Thus assisted, he would have escaped, but he drew a revolver and began to return the fire of the police. This frightened the animal, which reared and threw him, breaking his arm. He fired the remaining cartridge in the revolver at the police and was then captured.

The Lucerna Memorial.

ROME, June 29.—Under instructions from the Holy See, an exact report of the comment made and impressions produced in the United States by the project of Herr Capenski, regarding emigrating to America, has been drawn up and is now under consideration at the Vatican. The future action of the pope will largely depend on the impression created in the report.

WENT THERE IN GOOD FAITH.

The Facts About the Reported Invasion of the Chickasaw Nation.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The commission of Indian affairs received advice from Agent Bennett in the Indian territory, stating that after a thorough investigation with the assistance of 100 Chickasaw scouts, covering a territory of 50 miles, he found only nine intruders in the Chickasaw nation, six of whom were given 10 days' notice to either their cattle and leave. One was being hidden and the other two were placed in charge of the Chickasaw militia, with orders to remove them to Oklahoma. In this section the Chickasaw authorities asserted there were 30 families of intruders. The agent says the facts have been grossly misrepresented by the Chickasaw authorities who issued hundreds of permits which were not reported to the national authorities, but which were paid for in good faith and are held by non-citizens listed as intruders. The movement has thus far resulted in unmasking the swindling schemes of many collectors, who, the agent says, are fugitives from justice.

Lieutenant Wells of the navy, commissioned to Venezuela and neighboring colonies, reports that the governor general of the Dutch colonies in the West Indies has accepted an invitation to participate in the world's fair, and has appointed a commission.

AGAINST THE TRAINMEN.

Investigation Into the Charges Preferred by the Switchmen.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 29.—The committee appointed to investigate the charge of conspiracy preferred against the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen by the switchmen's organization in connection with the recent lockout of the latter employees of the Northwestern road, reported to-day to the supreme council of the federation finding the brotherhood guilty. The switchmen had alleged that the trainmen conspired with the railway officials to provide men for the switchmen's places. When the vote on the expulsion was taken two firemen delegates voted with three trainmen delegates, but three switchmen and three conductors voted for expulsion, making a vote 6 to 5 against the offending body.

A CALL FOR ASSISTANCE.

People in Northern Iowa Need of Pecuniary Help.

CHEROKEE, Iowa, June 29.—Governor Boies arrived here this morning, and after surveying the flooded district he issued a proclamation to the people of the state, setting forth the loss sustained by the citizens and the damage done to the bridges and other public property, and recommending that the mayors of the cities of the state and all other charitable disposed persons take steps to organize proper committees to solicit aid for the unfortunate and see that the same is promptly forwarded to David H. Bloom, mayor of Cherokee, for distribution.

Eastern Labor Troubles.

PITTSBURGH, June 29.—Labor troubles are growing here, the most portentous being the unexpected attitude of western manufacturers toward the new scale of the Amalgamated association. The manufacturers are opposed to every new clause in the scale, but especially to the nine-hour clause. One of the main factors says that unless the nine-hour rule is eliminated every mill in the district will be shut down. The existing scale expires to-morrow and unless some agreement is reached the mills must shut down or attempt to run without Amalgamated men.

An Inhuman Monster.

PITTSBURGH, June 29.—Joe Costello was arrested to-night for a peculiarly inhuman drowning of an Italian boy named Constantino Demaro, at Stoops Ferry, Ohio river, this morning. The boy was swimming with some Americans, who began to establish an American Monte Carlo in Southern California is undoubtedly a mistake. Neither has ever had anything to do with that disreputable scheme. Lewis is a personal friend of General Murray. He says the gambling scheme was originated several years ago and was abandoned about two years ago.

An American Monte Carlo.

LOUISVILLE, June 29.—Thomas M. Lewis of Los Angeles, who is here, says the story that Gen. Eli Murray and Logan C. Murray were interested in the project to establish an American Monte Carlo in Southern California is undoubtedly a mistake. Neither has ever had anything to do with that disreputable scheme. Lewis is a personal friend of General Murray. He says the gambling scheme was originated several years ago and was abandoned about two years ago.

An Ex-Editor's Trials.

PRESCOTT, Ariz., June 29.—Saturday night James H. Wright, ex-justice of the supreme court of Arizona, attempted to shoot Adjutant General Gill of Phoenix, against whom Wright had secured an indictment for libel when Gill was editing the Phoenix Republic. Bystanders prevented the shooting. Judge Wright was taken to jail and afterwards fined by the police justice for carrying concealed weapons.

Between Whites and Blacks.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 29.—Two companies of the First Regiment of the National Guard left for the Franklin com mines early this morning. The only news received so far is that one white man was killed, three wounded and one negro guard wounded. Over 100 shots were fired in the riot last evening.

A Beautiful Crop.

ST. PAUL, June 29.—A well-known grain man who has just made a tour of the Red River valley says the crop prospects were never so bright. It will be the greatest year for the Northwest ever known. The only question will be to get help to harvest the wheat.

Hanged and Shot to Pieces.

WEST POINT, Miss., June 29.—William Gales, colored, was hanged to a tree and literally shot to pieces near here last night, for attempted rape on a white girl.

OLD MUDDY'S RAMPAGE

Cities on the Banks of the Missouri in Danger of Inundation.

IT MAY CHANGE ITS COURSE

The River Liabie to Leave St. Joe Inland—Hundreds of Acres of Land Washed Away.

KANSAS CITY, June 29.—The danger of a serious flood from the Missouri river becomes greater every hour. At 7 this morning the river was reported rising at the rate of an inch per hour. In the lower part of Harlem, opposite here, the water is running through the streets and a number of people are moving to higher ground.

KANSAS CITY, June 29.—The Missouri river at this point is at a dangerously high stage. The water is the highest it has been since the great flood of 1881, but still lacks several feet of that year's record. Nevertheless much damage has been done and much more is feared, as the cities above report a higher stage of water than ever. At 6 o'clock this evening the water registered three feet above high water mark, 23 feet above standard low water mark. The water is rising steadily an inch per hour, and will probably rise two or three feet more in the next day or two.

Paris of Harlem, a hamlet just across the river, are already submerged. About 25 families have left their homes, taking their household goods, and are camping on the high ground. All the farms along the river are submerged and the crops are ruined. The embankment of the Hannibal & St. Joe road approaches the river at right angles across from this city. This embankment has acted as a sort of a levee and protected the vast expanse of river bottom below it from the flood. Some fears are expressed that the embankment may not be able to withstand the pressure, and should it give way, much valuable land will be submerged, including the track of the Kansas City Racing association. In view of this emergency horses which have been stabled there have been removed to places of safety on this side of the river. High water has backed up the waters of the Kaw, which empties into the Missouri at this place.

Back waters have submerged much of the lowlands and 100 or more squatters living there have been compelled to abandon their homes. The water also backed up in the sewers of Kansas City, Kan., and run out of the manholes, flooding various parts of the town. A dispatch from Atchison, Kas., says: "The Missouri river is now two feet higher here than it has been this season. Farms on the Missouri side were submerged last night and wheat fields will be a total loss. The water is also pouring across Doniphan point, a neck of land opposite Doniphan, Kas. This neck stood the flood in 1881, when the river was nine feet higher than it is now. No fear is entertained that it will cut through this time. Southeast of Atchison, land is falling into the stream by the acre. Leavenworth also reports very high water, the inundation of much valuable farm land and destruction of crops. No damage has been done in the city."

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 29.—The river has been rising steadily since Saturday and is now 16 inches of the highest point reached since ten years ago. Residents of the French bottoms, north of this city, are in a state of alarm, and many are preparing to move. The water is still rising and reports received from Sioux City and Omaha show a gain of six inches since last evening. If the river should overflow the French bottoms it is expected a new channel will be cut through, leaving many farms on an island and diverting the stream from the Kansas shore two miles. If the present rate of rise continues 24 hours, the stock yards and hundreds of houses south of St. Joe will be inundated. The situation is serious to the packing interests as well as to hundreds of small farmers on the low lands.

A ST. LOUIS FIRE.

Nearly Half a Million Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—The wholesale and retail grocery establishment of David Nicholson was completely burned this morning. The fire was discovered on the fourth floor, and spread so rapidly that all the firemen could do was to save adjoining property. The north wall of the Nicholson building toppled over on to a one-story building adjoining, abolishing it. Several buildings adjacent to that of the grocery firm were damaged by fire. The fire occurred at 4 o'clock, and the guests at the Ivy house adjoining rushed from their rooms and climbed down the fire escape in their night clothes, many of them having narrow escapes from being trampled to death. The heaviest loss is David Nicholson, whose stock and building, valued at over \$500,000, is almost totally destroyed. The insurance is \$175,000. Other losses amount to about \$100,000 which are partly covered by insurance.

Fraud Impossible.

EL PASO, Texas, June 29.—The collector of customs here in an interview in regard to charges of fraud made by several western papers in the admission of lead ore from Mexico, says that fraud is impossible, owing to the system of checks upon importation. He stated that an action for libel will probably be brought against the papers making the charge, the names of which cannot now be given.

A Royal Christening.

LONDON, June 29.—The queen to-day, accompanied by a number of members of the royal family, attended the christening of the daughter of the duke and duchess of Fife. The title of the baby, who is the first grandchild of the Prince of Wales, will be by the queen's command, Lady Alexandra Victoria Duff, the latter being the family name of the Duke of Fife.

HONEST JOHN.

A Few Things That Mr. Wanamaker May be Called on to Explain.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Contrary to the general impression, Postmaster General Wanamaker did not appear before the investigation committee of the council this afternoon to explain the apparent discrepancy between his previous testimony and the facts subsequently developed by the Keystones' bosses. Instead he sent a letter, saying if any information was wanted from him he should be glad at 24 hours' notice to meet any of the members of the council and explain every item of his statement.

President Dunham, of the Mechanics' National bank of Trenton, testified that the bank had loaned hard money on certificate of the Keystone bank stock for 200 shares in the name of John Wanamaker, and the transfer was arranged by him, President Morris, of the Girard Trust company, said his company once held certificates of the Keystone bank as collateral for a loan made to Wanamaker. In December last temporary loans were made to the Keystone bank on Electric Trust stock. President Morris of the Keystone bank came to President Morris and borrowed money, stating at the same time that it would be a great obligation to Wanamaker. Morris said that consequently his company loaned Wanamaker the money on what he thinks were the same shares of electric stock.

Howard Spencer Jones, a clerk in the employ of Wanamaker, and in whose name several of the certificates pledged by Wanamaker to brokers stood, explained that he signed the transfers at the request of Wanamaker. He stated that W. Rankin, in whose name several of the certificates stood, was a boy formerly employed by Wanamaker.

YESTERDAY'S FAILURES.

A London Firm Bankrupt—Assignment at Baltimore.

LONDON, June 29.—A receiving order was made in the bankruptcy court today against Adamson, Bell & Co., merchants, with offices in China and New York. Liabilities are very heavy. One bank alone is said to be a creditor to the amount of \$150,000.

BALTIMORE, June 29.—H. Straus, Bro. & Co., mailers, assigned to-day for the benefit of their creditors. The bond of the assignee is \$500,000. This failure is the outcome of the assignment of Barth & Straus two weeks ago. Their primary liabilities are placed at \$100,000 and contingent liabilities at \$200,000, aggregating \$300,000. The assets will aggregate \$500,000. A number of banks in this city offered to help the firm over its trouble, but it was thought best to take the step which culminated in assignment to-day. The trustees state the firm was forced to take this step on account of the recent failure of Solomon Straus, a son of one of the brothers, and of Samuel Barth & Co. Straus Bros. & Co. were endorers, either as a firm or individually, of paper of Solomon Straus and Barth & Co. to the extent of \$200,000. The matter is really not an assignment in what is generally understood by that term, but only a means to assist the firm in liquidating its affairs and paying creditors in full.

REVISED AND CHANGED.

The Iron-Cind Constitution and By-Laws of the People's Party.

MILWAUKEE, June 29.—The constitution and by-laws of the new people's party, as revised and changed by Secretary Schilling, were made public to-day. The articles call for the organization and regulation of local clubs to be conducted under the auspices of the national body. Stated meetings shall be held by every club. A president shall be elected at each meeting. Any citizen of a town or county may become a member by signing the declaration of principles and the platform of the national body, and pledging himself unqualifiedly to support the principles as enunciated. Any member who makes a motion to endorse the candidate of or enter into fusion with any other political party, shall immediately cease to be a member of the club and the new party.

Simply Absurd.

CHICAGO, June 29.—A morning paper printed a sensational report to the effect that Jay Gould and the Vanderbilts had split, causing a decrease in the earnings of the Chicago & Northwestern for May of \$168,653, as compared with the same period last year. This showing, added to the decrease in April of \$185,453, was made most of in drawing the significant conclusion, and in the substantiating of the heavy diversion by the Union Pacific to the Missouri Pacific of traffic that should have come east over the Northwestern. President Huggitt of the Northwestern said this afternoon that the report is simply absurd.

Yard Arraigned in Court.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Henry H. Yard was arraigned in court to-day to answer to the charge of conspiracy with ex-City Treasurer Bardsley to unlawfully use the public funds. At the request of the district attorney the trial of Yard was postponed until September. The district attorney gave as his reason for requesting the postponement of Yard's trial that a decision is expected in the suit against the accused to compel an answer to the interrogations of the city council investigation committee, and that Yard is expected to make a statement.

California's Hot Weather.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—At 2 p. m. to-day signal service reports the highest point reached by the thermometer here during the day was 100 degrees. This is eight degrees higher than yesterday, which was the hottest day since 1877. Reports from the various points in the state indicate the temperature ranging from 92 to 104 degrees. No prostrations are reported.

Chinese Burned to Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 29.—Fire this afternoon destroyed a lodging house in Chinatown. The fire burned over an hour. The building was completely destroyed. The charred remains of one Chinese woman was found in the ruins. It is stated five other Chinese women were burned to death, but their bodies have not yet been found.

WE DON'T KNOW THEM

Chilian Insurgents Not Recognized by Uncle Sam.

PRECEDENTS FOR THE CASE

Seward Established a Custom Which the United States Has Since Believed It Good Policy to Follow.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Don Pedro Monti, the Chilian congressional envoy, allowed another day to pass without his appearance at the executive mansion or department of state. It now begins to appear that the mission with which Monti and his associates are charged with is a failure in so far as their official recognition by the United States government is concerned; and it is improbable that they will be received in any capacity either officially or unofficially by any of the executive officers of this government. A person well versed in the diplomatic practices, thoroughly acquainted with the history of the department of state, this afternoon said the reason for the adoption of this course by our government was broader than any of the questions involved in the present case, and was founded upon the uniform line of presidents running back to the date of our civil war. Early in the history of the rebellion the confederacy sent representatives to London and Paris to secure recognition for their cause. Mr. Seward, the secretary of state, promptly instructed Messrs. Adams and Dayton, United States ministers to Great Britain and France that the recognition of these confederate agents, either officially or privately, would be regarded by the United States as cause for breaking off of diplomatic relations. Further than this Mr. Seward refused to receive the joint note of British and French ministers referring to the state of civil war in the United States and undertaking that their governments should act strictly as neutrals. The secretary's rejoinder to his last statement was that the governments could only act as friends of the United States. Later on Seward refused to hold any intercourse with Emperor Maximilian, then striving to establish his empire in Mexico, or even to receive from him a letter of condolence on the death of President Lincoln. So it has been the uniform custom of the United States government, and a custom which will not in the judgment of diplomats be broken in the case of Chilian insurgents, to refuse to recognize revolutionary governments in American republics. It is said in diplomatic circles that this custom is founded upon good policy and tends to conserve American interests.

SAID BY SIR HENRY.

Jamaica Not Anxious for Reciprocity With the United States.

LONDON, June 29.—The Times to-day gives prominence in its columns to a letter from Sir Henry Arthur Blake, governor and commander-in-chief of the island of Jamaica, who is at present in the city. In this communication Blake distinctly contradicts the Dunlap-Dalsell dispatch dated New York, June 26, stating that Jamaica is anxious for reciprocity with the United States, and avers that the inhabitants of that island are holding public meetings in order to advocate the reciprocity idea. Governor Blake in conclusion says that the merchants and people of Jamaica are anxious to extend their trade in any and every direction, but that Jamaica is not prepared to concede differential duties to the United States.

New Orleans Row.

NEW ORLEANS, June 29.—This afternoon a row occurred on the fruit wharf of the Illinois Central road between factions of longshoremen over work. Pistols were drawn and 10 shots exchanged between the rival factions. Fortunately no shots took effect, and the police putting in an appearance the fight was checked. The row created intense excitement and an immense crowd gathered.

A Royal Prince.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Prince George of Greece arrived here this morning from Omaha. He is accompanied by Captain Lahmer of the Russian navy and an escort. The prince is traveling incognito and registered at the Auditorium hotel as Count Foister. At the depot he was met by a delegation of the Grecian Benevolent association which escorted him to the hotel. The prince was much pleased with the reception accorded him by his countrymen.

Buried in Alaska.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The treasury department has received a letter from Captain Healy, commander of the revenue steamer Bear, dated Sitka, Alaska, June 9, saying that Lieutenant Robinson, who was drowned in icy bay, was buried at Sitka on the 8th inst. with military honors, and that Seaman Anderson was buried at the scene of the accident. The bodies of the others drowned were not recovered up to the time of writing.

What is Expected.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—San Domingo reciprocity is likely to come closely on the heels of the Spanish-Cuban proclamation. It is understood that the details have gone forward to a point where the formalities of a ratification may soon be exchanged between the two countries.

Published Lottery Ads.

DETROIT, June 29.—Twenty-eight thousand copies of the Detroit Commercial Advertiser and Home Journal issued, June 26, are held in the postoffice here under the lottery law. The president, vice president, secretary and treasurer of the company were arrested and fined \$100 and costs.

Said by the Emperor.

HAMBURG, June 29.—The emperor, conversing with Herr Nissen, chairman of the Hamburg-American Steamship company, announced that the dreibund was yesterday prolonged for six years.